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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/764,530	01/17/2001	Robert Berliner	169-274	6423
167	7590 08/10/2005		EXAMINER	
FULBRIGHT AND JAWORSKI LLP			LANEAU, RONALD	
	/ER STREET, 41ST FLOO! LES, CA 90071	R	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
200711.022			3627	
			DATE MAILED: 08/10/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/764,530	BERLINER, ROBE	RT			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Ronald Laneau	3627				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence add	lress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the magnined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N.  1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC atute, cause the application to become A	a reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this con ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03	3 June 2005.					
	This action is non-final.	,				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)	drawn from consideration.					
Application Papers			•			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	•					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in priority documents have bee reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this National S	Stage			
		·				
Attachment(s)		•				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	🗖	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO- 	-152)			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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## Response to Amendment

1. The amendment filed on 09/764,530 has been entered. New claim 21 is added, claims 2-4, 9, 12, 13, and 18 are canceled and claims 1, 5-8, 10, 11, 14-17 and 19-21 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 5-11, 14-16, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koprowski (Wall Street Journal, 1998) in view of Allsop US5970472.

As to claim 1, Koprowski discloses: a method (p. 3 of 4) of doing business on the world wide web, comprising the following steps: a provider provides and displays information on a web site about the repair of various devices, the information including graphics in the form of a photograph or other illustration depicting the device, depicting a plurality of replaceable parts thereof, and depicting the relationship of said parts to the device; a user uses a mouse to click on displayed graphics representing a replaceable part of a device (see Koprowski, page 4, paragraph 6-9). Koprowski does not disclose a list of a plurality of manufacturers or vendors of the item selected but Allsop teaches: information is electronically provided to the user in response to process an order and wherein the information comprises a list of a plurality of manufacturers or vendors of the item selected by the user is made available to the user, and wherein the user can

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obtain information about the item or purchase the item by clicking one of the manufacturers or vendors in the list.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the manufacturers or vendors' listings as taught by Allsop into the system of Koprowski because it would allow customers to purchase products of competing brand and in addition provide a technique by which a manufacturer can refer a potential on-line customer to an authorized dealer for on-line sales without exposing the customer to competing product information.

As to claim 5, Allsop teaches: wherein the user is directed to a web site of the manufacturer or vendor.

As to claim 6, Allsop teaches: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is its Site home page.

As to claim 7, Allsop teaches: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is a site page on which information on the product is displayed.

As to claim 10, Koprowski discloses and Allsop teaches: wherein by clicking one of the manufacturers or vendors, the user is directed to an order page.

As to claim 11, Koprowski discloses: an internet web site and a program operating said website, comprising: a plurality of web site pages providing information about the repair of various devices, the information including graphics in the form of a photograph or other illustration depicting the device, depicting a plurality of replaceable parts thereof, and depicting the relationship of said parts to the device wherein a user uses a mouse to click on said displayed graphics representing a replaceable part of a device. Koprowski does not disclose a list of a

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plurality of manufacturers or vendors of the item selected but Allsop teaches: information comprising a list of a plurality of manufacturers or vendors of the item selected by the user is made available to the user, and wherein the user can obtain information about the item or purchase the item by clicking one of the manufacturers or vendors in the list.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the manufacturers or vendors' listings as taught by Allsop into the system of Koprowski because it would allow customers to purchase products of competing brand and in addition provide a technique by which a manufacturer can refer a potential on-line customer to an authorized dealer for on-line sales without exposing the customer to competing product information.

As to claim 14, Allsop teaches: wherein the user is directed to a web site of the manufacturer or vendor.

As to claim 15, Allsop teaches: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is its site home page.

As to claim 16, Allsop teaches: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is a site page on which information on the part is displayed.

As per claims 19 and 20, Koprowski discloses a method wherein by clicking on the name of a manufacturer, model part numbers are displayed as claimed.

4. Claims 8, 17 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koprowski (Wall Street Journal, 1998) in view of Allsop (US5970472), and further in view of Messer (US5991740).

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As to claim 8, the difference between the claim and Koprowski is the claim recites: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is a site page specifically set up to receive referrals from another web site and to compensate the owner of the referring web site. Messer discloses a method and system for carrying out electronic commerce similar to that of Koprowski. In addition, Messer further teaches a site page set up to receive referrals from another web site and to compensate the owner of the referring web site (col. 3, Ln. 25-30; Col. 4, Ln. 47-60; col. 9, Ln. 50-55).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the manufacturers or vendors' listings as taught by Allsop into the system of Koprowski because it would allow customers to purchase products of competing brand and in addition provide a technique by which a manufacturer can refer a potential on-line customer to an authorized dealer for on-line sales without exposing the customer to competing product information. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the referrals as taught by Messer into the combined systems of Koprowski and Allsop because it would provide the ability of widespread advertising and promotion for a part/item would be achieved, as taught by Messer.

As to claim 17, Messer teaches: wherein the web site of the manufacturer or vendor is a site page specifically set up to receive referrals from another web site and to compensate the owner of the referring web site.

As per claim 21, the combination of Koprowski, Allsop and Messer would disclose a method wherein the provider derives revenue from making one or more of said items of information available by one or more of the following activities: (a) direct sale of one or more

replacement parts to the user, (b) obtaining referral fees or commissions from a manufacturer or other vendor of the one or more of the parts, or (c) gathering consumer information from the user's activities on the web site.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed on 06/07/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the cited references do not disclose or suggest the claimed invention in which a list of one or more manufacturers is provided only after the user uses a mouse to click on displayed graphics representing a replaceable part of a device. Contrary to Applicant's arguments, it does not matter when the list of manufacturers come into the equation so long as the user is able to purchase the needed parts and Applicant has not pointed out the advantages of having to show the manufacturers' listings after the user click on the displayed graphics. Applicant's argument are deemed unpersuasive, claims 1, 5-11, 14-17, and 19-21 stand finally rejected.

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ronald Laneau whose telephone number is (571) 272-6784. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:30am - 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski can be reached on (571) 272-6771. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ronald Laneau Examiner Art Unit 3627

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